





แบบฝึกหัดประกอบการจัดกิจกรรมการเรียนรู้ รายการภาษาอังกฤษเพื่ออาชีพ



ตอน Taxi driver คนขับแท็กซึ่







Exercise 1: Watch the video clips (both parts). Put T in front of statements that are true and F in front of statements that are false.

 1. The passenger is from Bulgaria.
 2. The passenger wants to go the Southern Bus Terminal to take a bus to Hua
Hin.
 3. The taxi driver offers to drive the passenger to Hua Hin for 2,500 baht.
 4. The taxi driver agrees to give the passenger a discount.
 5. The town that the passenger comes from is famous for its noodles and
basketball.
 6. The passenger has never been to Thailand before.
 7. The passenger is staying in Thailand for two months.
 8. The passenger is also going to Laos during his trip.
 9. The passenger is coming back to Thailand again next year.
10. The taxi driver does not want to take the passenger to the airport.







Exercise 2: Match the situations on the left with the appropriate responses for a waiter on the right.

Situations

- You want to remind your
 passenger to take his camera
 and his bags with him when
 he gets off your car.
- You want to give your passenger your contact information.
- You want to make some small talk with your passenger.
- 4) You want to know your passenger's destination.
- 5) You want to tell your passenger that you cannot give him a discount.

Responses

- a) Where do you come from?
- b) Here is my name card.
- c) This price is a standard price.
- d) Please don't forget your stuff.
- e) Where would you like to go?







Exercise 3: Part One: Identify who is more likely to say the following statements. Put

(T) in front of those said by taxi drivers and (P) in front of those said by passengers.

(a) Please do not forget your belongings.

2	(b)	Is it far from here?	
3	(c)	Where do you come from?	
4	(d)	Here is my name card.	
5	(e)	Can you take me to the nearest bus terminal, please?	
6	(f)	How long are you staying?	
7	(g)	What is the name of your hotel?	
8	(h)	How many times have you come to Thailand?	
Part Two: Co		lialogue with the expressions given above (from part one). er is hailing your taxi.	
Taxi driver:	Good afterno	oon. Where would you like to go?	
Passenger:	(1)		
Taxi driver:	Of course.		
Passenger:	(2)		
Taxi driver:	It's about half an hour away. Anyway, may I ask you why you are heading to a		
	bus terminal	? Are you going to take a bus and go somewhere?	
Passenger:	Yes, I'm going to my hotel. My friend said that it would be cheaper if I took a		
	bus.		
Taxi driver:	(3)		







Passenger:	It's called Siam Boutique Hotel.		
Taxi driver:	I know where that is. I can take you there and save you an hour in traffic.		
	Trust me, it will be a little more expensive but so much more convenient.		
Passenger:	Alright then, please take me to the hotel.		
Taxi driver:	(4)		
Passenger:	I'm from Nepal. Do you know where that is?		
Taxi driver:	Yes, I've always wanted to visit Nepal. Anyway, (5)		
Passenger:	This is actually my first time, so I'm very excited.		
Taxi driver:	(6)		
Passenger:	For two weeks. I want to go sightseeing around Bangkok and go up north to		
	Chiang Mai.		
Taxi driver:	If you want a taxi to take you around, you can give me a call.		
	(7) My phone number and email address are right		
	there.		
Passenger:	Thank you! I'll call you in a couple days.		
Taxi driver:	We're here! This is your hotel. (8)		
Passenger:	I've got all my bags with me. Thank you so much.		
Taxi driver:	Thank you. Have a nice day!		







แบบฝึกหัดเพิ่มเติม: กิจกรรมฝึกพูดในห้องเรียน

- 1. ให้นักเรียนจับคู่กัน ให้เวลา 1 นาที ให้นักเรียนทั้งคู่คิดรายละเอียดตัวละครผู้โดยสารของตนเองให้ได้มาก ที่สุด
- 2. ให้นักเรียนคนหนึ่งสวมบทบาทเป็นผู้โดยสารก่อน ส่วนอีกคนหนึ่งสมบทบาทเป็นคนขับแท็กซี่ ให้เวลาสาม นาที คนขับแท็กซี่จะต้องพยายามถามข้อมูลเกี่ยวกับผู้โดยสารเพื่อชวนคุยให้ได้มากที่สุด โดยใช้คำถามที่ได้ ยินในวิดีทัศน์ หรือ สร้างคำถามใหม่จากรูปแบบประโยคในวิดีทัศน์ก็ได้ เช่น

Where would you like to go?

Have you come to Thailand before?

How long are you staying in Thailand?

3. เมื่อหมดเวลา สลับบทบาทและทำเช่นเดิม เมื่อจบกิจกรรม ผู้ที่ถามคำถามได้มากกว่าเป็นผู้ชนะ